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UNEMPLOYMENT AS A THREAT TO THE ECONOMIC SECURITY OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS

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The problem of unemployment is relevant for many countries in the world, including developed and developing economies. Although the unemployment rate can fluctuate depending on labor market conditions, it is a constant problem that affects the lives of many people and the economic development of the country as a whole. Unemployment is a situation in the economy when part of the able-bodied population does not have a job, but is actively looking for it [1].

This means that part of the working-age population cannot find work and left without income. This condition can arise for various reasons, such as an economic downturn, structural changes in the economy, changes in the requirements for the qualifications of workers, and other factors. Low employment can lead to mass poverty, social inequality, poor health and education, increased crime rates and other social problems. In addition, unemployment can reduce economic growth and reduce a country's international competitiveness, as the lack of a workforce can lead to lower productivity and higher welfare costs for the unemployed. Summarizing the above, we can say that unemployment is a serious threat to the economic security of the country. Therefore, the fight against unemployment is an important task for governments and economic organizations.

Economic security is the state of the economy, in which the protection of the national interests of the Republic of Belarus from internal and external threats is guaranteed. It includes a number of measures and actions aimed at ensuring the stability and security of the national economy, as well as protecting it from external and internal threats. Economic security is an important component of national security and is especially important in the context of globalization and increased international competition.

In the Republic of Belarus there is a problem of unemployment, as in most countries of the world. As of the end of 2022, the unemployment rate in Belarus was 3.6%. Below are the problems arising from unemployment and damaging the economy of the state:

Loss of income. The unemployed cannot earn enough to meet their wants and needs, resulting in lower living standards and a loss to the economy. This could lead to lower consumer demand, which in turn would lead to lower production and sales.

Social tension. Unemployment can lead to social tension and instability, which can be unsafe for the state. The growing number of unemployed people can lead to an increase in crime, poverty and other forms of social discontent.

Loss of tax revenue. Unemployed people cannot pay taxes on their income, which can lead to lower tax revenues for the state. This may lead to the fact that the government will not have enough funds to finance government programs and projects that are necessary to maintain the economy and ensure the security of the state, including economic.

Decrease in economic activity. Unemployment can lead to a decrease in economic activity in general, which can lead to a slowdown in economic growth and development.

Thus, it can be stated that unemployment can pose a threat to the economic security of the state. In this case, the government must design and implement programs that can help reduce unemployment and maintain economic stability. The Government of Belarus is implementing a number of measures to reduce unemployment, including programs to support employment, stimulate the creation of new jobs and support entrepreneurship, programs to improve skills, as well as state programs to support migrants.

Summing up, we can conclude that in the light of modern challenges, such as rapid technological progress and globalization, the problem of unemployment is becoming especially relevant. In this regard, governments and economic organizations around the world are working to create new jobs and reform education and workforce training systems to ensure more efficient use of human resources and cope with the challenges of today's economy.

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