operation processing and the decrease in the amount of customs payments, as well as the timeliness of their remittance. Thus, with the development of the AEO institution, the mandatory audit system of their economic activities needs to be developed, providing systematic transparent reporting on conducted operations for monitoring by customs authorities.

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AREAS OF IMPROVEMENT OF CUSTOMS OPERATIONS WITH REGARD TO GOODS FOR PERSONAL USE TRANSPORTED ACROSS THE CUSTOMS BORDER OF THE EURASIAN ECONOMIC UNION

Research Field: Current issues of border protection

Customs declaration is a mandatory condition for the movement of goods across the customs border of the EAEU.

During customs declaration of goods for personal use, various difficulties and problems may arise due to incorrect completion of the Customs Declaration Document, errors in documents, non-compliance of goods with the declared characteristics, etc. Therefore, the EAEU applies the double corridor system¹.

The dual corridor system is used in the EAEU to simplify and speed up customs procedures. It includes "green" and "red" corridors for different categories of goods and passengers.

"Green corridor" is intended for goods that are not subject to declaration or for which an electronic customs declaration has been successfully completed. Passengers passing through the "green corridor" confirm that they do not have goods to be declared and do not plan to import or export them.

The "red corridor" is for all other goods, including those that require declaration and payment of customs duties and taxes.

With the increase in international migration and tourism, the burden on Customs is constantly growing. The use of the "green" and "red" dual corridor system for simplified customs declaration complicates border control. In this regard, it is necessary to introduce a "blue"

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¹ Bobrova K. S., Nazarenko A. A. Directions for improving the customs declaration of goods for personal use in the EAEU // K.S. Borkova, A.A. Nazarenko / In the collection "International tourism. Customs business" [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – https://elib.bsu.by – Access date: 04.28.2024.

corridor for CIS citizens. In the European Union, for example, the "blue" corridor allows EU citizens to pass customs control without checking goods, in an accelerated procedure. This is especially relevant for

CIS citizens who not only travel around the Commonwealth countries, but also maintain family ties abroad. The introduction of a "blue" corridor for such citizens will help to simplify and speed up the passage of the border¹.

To improve the efficiency of customs control of individuals, it is recommended to study and use the experience of the United States.

The SENTRI (Secure Electronic Network for Travelers Rapid Inspection) program provides rapid processing of pre-approved travelers at the U.S.-Mexico border by U.S. Customs and Border Protection. Program participants are considered low risk and undergo rigorous background checks, including criminal, customs violations, immigration status, law enforcement records and terrorist ties. The screening includes fingerprinting and a personal interview with a Customs and Border Protection officer.

The SENTRI system used in the United States allows goods to be cleared quickly and without the involvement of Customs officers. However, to participate in this system, an individual must undergo a full background check. After the background check, an individual can only be authorized to participate in the SENTRI system if he or she is a law-abiding citizen. Otherwise, participation is not allowed. Thus, the introduction of such a system will help reduce the number of offenses and speed up the process of customs control².

During summer vacations, there is an increase in the flow of passengers, which creates an additional burden on customs authorities. To address this problem, a "purple" seasonal corridor should be created to operate from May to October on the busiest parts of the border. This corridor is designed exclusively for tourists who pass through customs control under a simplified scheme in the absence of goods requiring customs declaration. A tourist visa is required to pass through this corridor.

The proposed improvements to the customs declaration of goods for personal use are aimed at reducing waiting times at goods checkpoints, increasing efficiency, reducing costs and speeding up the process of releasing goods.

Thus, customs declaration is a mandatory condition for the movement of goods across the customs border of the Eurasian Economic Union. Under this procedure, it is necessary to provide

¹ Understanding the Blue Channel facility offered by the RRA // Rwanda revenue authorities Customs services [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – Access mode: http://www.rra.gov.rw . – Date of access: 04/28/2024.

² About SENTRI. Secure Electronic Network for Travelers Rapid Inspection // Official website of the Department of Homeland Security [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – Access mode: http://www.rra.gov.rw . – Date of access: 04/28/2024.

the customs authorities with information on goods, their quantity, value, country of origin and destination, as well as the conditions of transportation and other information. The dual corridor system, which includes "green" and "red" corridors, is used to simplify and speed up customs procedures.

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PROSPECTS FOR THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNOLOGIES IN CUSTOMS CONTROL

Research Field: Simplification of state control procedures at the border

This article discusses the use of artificial intelligence in customs control as well as its potential for the customs transformation.

Modern methods of customs control management represent a complex and diverse system which is displayed in automatic or automated informational processes.

The relevance of the use of artificial intelligence in the customs sphere is due to the growing need to simplify and shorten the timing of customs control. An effective and primarily verification protects the economy, national security, as well as the health and well-being of the population.

In an era of rapid technological progress, the introduction of artificial intelligence is becoming crucially important for optimizing processes in various fields, including customs.

The modernized customs control system involves basic automated tasks, processing large amounts of data and increasing efficiency. Artificial intelligence acts as the tool which allows you to make these processes automatized, and ultimately leads to an increase in the quality and efficiency of customs procedures. Artificial intelligence is rapidly becoming an indispensable tool for customs authorities around the world. Due to its ability to analyze huge amounts of data and to identify patterns, artificial intelligence can significantly improve the efficiency and accuracy of customs control as well as to simplify customs procedures at the border.

Artificial intelligence is a set of technologies that allow machines and computers to simulate human behavior, and if used during a customs control procedure, to simulate the actions and decisions of a customs officer.