

.....

$z = x + iy :$

$$\Delta = 0, \quad y > 0; \tag{1}$$

$$T = T_0 f(x), \quad |x| \leq 1, \quad f(\pm 1) = \frac{T^0}{T_0}, \quad y = 0; \tag{2}$$

$$T = T^0, \quad |x| > 1, \quad y = 0, \tag{3}$$

$$T = T(x, y) - \dots ; \dots ; \dots -$$

[1]

$$T = T(x, y)$$

**1.** **(1)...(3).**

[2, c. 224–225], [3, c. 590]

(1)...(3)

$$T(x, y) = T^0 + \frac{T_0}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 \left[ f(t) - \frac{T^0}{T_0} \right] \frac{y dt}{(t-x)^2 + y^2}, \quad y > 0. \tag{4}$$

(4)

$$T(x, y) = T^0 + T_0 I(x, y), \quad y > 0, \tag{5}$$

$$I(x, y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 \varphi(t) \frac{y dt}{(t-x)^2 + y^2}, \quad \varphi(x) = f(x) - \frac{T^0}{T_0}. \tag{6}$$

1. (1)...(3)

[4, c. 268]

(2), (3)

$$\Phi(z) = \frac{1}{\pi i} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{\varphi(t)}{t-z} dt.$$

(6)

$$I(x, y) = \operatorname{Re} \Phi(z),$$

(5)

$$T(x, y) = T^0 + T_0 \operatorname{Re} \Phi(z).$$

2.

(1)...(3).

(6).

[-1; 1]

$$x_k = kh, \quad k = -n, \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, n, \quad h = \frac{2}{2n+1}$$

$\varphi(x)$

$I(x, y)$  (6)

[-1; 1]

$$\varphi(x) \approx \tilde{\varphi}(x) = \sum_{-n}^n \Theta_k(x) \varphi(x_k), \quad (7)$$

$$\Theta_k(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in \left[ x_k - \frac{h}{2}, x_k + \frac{h}{2} \right]; \\ 0, & x \notin \left[ x_k - \frac{h}{2}, x_k + \frac{h}{2} \right]. \end{cases}$$

$$I(x, y) \approx \tilde{I}(x, y) = \sum_{-n}^n A_k(x, y) \varphi(x_k), \quad (8)$$

$$A_k(x, y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{x_k - \frac{h}{2}}^{x_k + \frac{h}{2}} \frac{y}{(t-x)^2 + y^2} dt, \quad y > 0. \quad (9)$$

(9)

$A_k(x, y)$

(8)

$x \in (-\infty, +\infty) \quad y > 0.$

(9),

$A_k(x, y) \quad (k = -n, \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, n)$

$$A_k(x, y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left( \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x_k + \frac{h}{2} - x}{y} - \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x_k - \frac{h}{2} - x}{y} \right). \quad (10)$$

$$(8), \quad (5) \quad I(x, y) \quad - \\ (1) \dots (3)$$

$$T(x, y) \approx \tilde{T}(x, y) = T^0 + T_0 \sum_{-n}^n A_k(x, y) \varphi(x_k), \quad (11)$$

$$A_k(x, y) \quad (10).$$

$$(11). \quad \cdot \quad f(x) \quad (2) \quad - \\ [-1; 1], \quad (-\infty < x < +\infty, y \geq 0) \\ (11):$$

$$|T(x, y) - \tilde{T}(x, y)| \leq T_0 \omega(f; h), \quad (12)$$

$$\omega(f; h) - \quad f(\varphi) \cdot - \\ f(x) - -$$

$$|T(x, y) - \tilde{T}(x, y)| \leq T_0 \frac{M}{2} h, \quad -\infty < x < +\infty, y \geq 0, \quad (13)$$

$$M = \max_{x \in [-1, 1]} |f'(x)|.$$

$$(8), \quad \cdot \quad (5) \quad (11), (6)$$

$$T(x, y) - \tilde{T}(x, y) = T_0 (I(x, y) - \tilde{I}(x, y)) = T_0 \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 (\varphi(t) - \tilde{\varphi}(t)) \frac{y dt}{(t-x)^2 + y^2}, \quad y > 0.$$

$$|T(x, y) - \tilde{T}(x, y)| \leq T_0 \max_{x \in [-1, 1]} |\varphi(x) - \tilde{\varphi}(x)| \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{y dt}{(t-x)^2 + y^2}. \quad (14)$$

$$(14) \quad -$$

$$1] \quad - \quad , \quad [-1; -$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{y dt}{(t-x)^2 + y^2} \leq 1. \quad (15)$$

$$f(x) \quad [-1; 1],$$

$$|\varphi(x) - \tilde{\varphi}(x)| \leq \omega(f; h), \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1. \quad (16)$$

$$f(x) - ,$$



$(x, y)$	$T(x, y)$	$\tilde{T}_{10}(x, y)$	$\tilde{T}_{20}(x, y)$	$\tilde{T}_{40}(x, y)$
(0,1; 0,1)	0,81679	0,816106	0,816558	0,816721
(0,2; 0,2)	0,654278	0,654035	0,654165	0,654241
(0,3; 0,3)	0,521429	0,521509	0,521404	0,521415
(0,4; 0,4)	0,418555	0,418837	0,418588	0,418557
(0,5; 0,5)	0,34138	0,341759	0,341442	0,341389
(0,6; 0,6)	0,28414	0,284544	0,284212	0,284153
(0,7; 0,7)	0,241466	0,241855	0,241538	0,241479
(0,8; 0,8)	0,209137	0,209494	0,209204	0,20915
(0,9; 0,9)	0,184123	0,184444	0,184183	0,184134
(1; 1)	0,164336	0,164623	0,16439	0,164346
(0; 1000)	0,000312	0,000313	0,000313	0,000313

(11).

1. . . . . // . . . . . 1. -
1975. - 3. - . 19-24.
2. . . . . , 1973. - 736 .
3. . . . . , 1962. - 708 .
4. . . . . , 1977. - 640 .
5. . . . . , 1980. - 121 .